A strong majority say that a politician receiving undisclosed help or gifts from a lobbyist is less likely to protect the public's best interest.





The research gauged the opinions among Canadians on lobbying of politicians and its impact on voting.

Nanos conducted an RDD dual frame (land- and cell-lines) hybrid telephone and online random survey of 1,077 Canadians, 18 years of age or older, between January 31 and February 3, 2025, as part of an omnibus survey. The margin of error for this survey is  $\pm 3.0$  percentage points, 19 times out of 20.

The statistical tabulations including the unweighted and weighted number of interviews can be accessed <u>here</u>.

The research was commissioned by Democracy Watch and was conducted by Nanos Research.

# KEY FINDINGS

1

# MOST CANADIANS SAY THAT POLITICIANS RECEIVING UNDISCLOSED HELP OR GIFTS FROM A LOBBYIST ARE LESS LIKELY OR SOMEWHAT LESS LIKELY TO PROTECT THE PUBLIC'S BEST INTEREST

Over four in five Canadians say a politician receiving undisclosed help with things like raising funds, campaigning and organizing events from a lobbyist is less likely  $(\underline{65\%})$  or somewhat less likely  $(\underline{19\%})$  to protect the public's best interest, and over two in three Canadians say a politician receiving undisclosed gifts from a lobbyist such as meals worth up to \$200 a year is also less likely  $(\underline{48\%})$  or somewhat less likely  $(\underline{21\%})$  to protect the public's best interest, while less than one in ten say they are more likely  $(\underline{two per cent})$  or somewhat more likely  $(\underline{five per cent})$  to protect the public's best interest.

2

# A STRONG MAJORITY SAY THEY ARE UNCOMFORTABLE OR SOMEWHAT UNCOMFORTABLE WITH LOBBYISTS LOBBYING A POLITICIAN OR POLITICAL PARTY LEADER AFTER RAISING MONEY OR COMPAIGNING FOR THEM

Over four in five Canadians say they are uncomfortable (<u>58%</u>) or somewhat uncomfortable (<u>28%</u>) with a lobbyist lobbying a politician or political party leader within a year or two after raising money or campaigning for them, while under one in ten say they are comfortable (<u>one per cent</u>) or somewhat comfortable (<u>six per cent</u>).

3

#### A MAJORITY SAY IT IS IMPORTANT TO KNOW WHO HAS LOBBIED A POLITICAN AND HOW MUCH THEY HAVE BEEN LOBBIED

Almost nine in ten Canadians (87%) say it is important (a score of 7-10, out of 10) to know who has lobbied a politician and how much they have been lobbied when they are deciding which government policies to support and who to vote for. Under one in ten (9%) give an average score (a score of 4-6, out of 10) and two per cent say it is not important (a score of 0-3, out of 10).

4

#### MOST CANADIANS SAY IT IS IMPORTANT TO KNOW WHETHER LOBBYISTS HAVE BEEN GIVEN AN EXEMPTION FOR VALUABLE GIFTS TO POLITICIANS

Almost nine in ten Canadians (87%) say it is important (a score of 7-10, out of 10) to know whether a lobbyist has been given an exemption that allows them to give a valuable gift to a politician when deciding which politicians, political parties or government policies to support or oppose. Under one in ten (eight per cent) give it an average score (a score of 4-6, out of 10), two per cent say it is not important (a score of 0-3, out of 10) and three per cent say they are unsure.

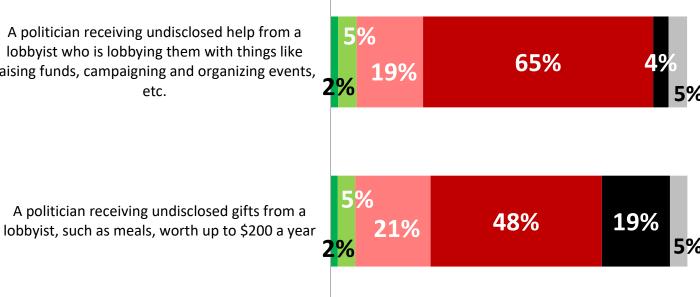


A strong majority of Canadians say that politicians who receive undisclosed help from a lobbyist are less likely (65%) or somewhat less likely (19%) to protect the public's best interest. Most Canadians also say a politician receiving undisclosed gifts from a lobbyist is also less likely (48%) or somewhat less likely (21%) to protect the public's best interest. Under one in ten say both are more likely (2%) or somewhat more likely (5%) to protect the public's best interest.

Q – Do you think politicians who receive the following are more likely, somewhat more likely, somewhat less likely, or less likely to protect the public's best interest or does it have no impact on their likelihood to protect the public's best interest: [RANDOMIZE]

#### Likelihood of a politician receiving undisclosed help or gifts from a lobbyist to protect the public's best interest

A politician receiving undisclosed help from a lobbyist who is lobbying them with things like raising funds, campaigning and organizing events, etc.



0% 10% 20% 30% 40% 50% 60% 70% 80% 90% 100%

- More likely to protect the public's best interest
- Somewhat more likely to protect the public's best interest
- Somewhat less likely to protect the public's best interest
- Less likely to protect the public's best interest
- No impact on likelihood to protect the public's best interest
- Unsure

Source: Nanos Research, RDD dual frame hybrid telephone and online random survey, January 31 to February 3, 2025, n=1,077, accurate 3.0 percentage points plus or minus, 19 times out of 20.



<sup>\*</sup>Weighted to the true population proportion.

<sup>\*</sup>Charts may not add up to 100 due to rounding.

protect the public's best interest or does it have no impact on their likelihood to protect the public's best interest: [RANDOMIZE] A politician receiving undisclosed help from a lobbyist who is lobbying them with things like raising funds, campaigning and organizing

- No impact on likelihood to protect the public's best interest

<sup>\*</sup>Charts may not add up to 100 due to rounding.

t more	Atlantic (n=80)	Quebec (n=242)	Ontario (n=377)	Prairies (n=215)	BC (n=163)
: likely/Somewhat r likely	6.2%	8.5%	8.3%	5.0%	6.5%
	Men (n=577)	Women (n=500)	18 to 34 (n=186)	35 to 54 (n=399)	55 plus (n=492)
More	7.7%	7.1%	7.8%	6.3%	7.9%

- Unsure

ess likely	Atlantic	Quebec	Ontario	Prairies	BC
	(n=80)	(n=242)	(n=377)	(n=215)	(n=163)
what lo	82.0%	79.4%	81.9%	87.4%	88.1%
likely/Somewhat less	Men	Women	18 to 34	35 to 54	55 plus
	(n=577)	(n=500)	(n=186)	(n=399)	(n=492)
Less lik	84.9%	81.5%	83.9%	84.1%	82.0%



<sup>\*</sup>Weighted to the true population proportion.

Q – Do you think politicians who receive the following are more likely, somewhat more likely, somewhat less likely, or less likely to protect the public's best interest or does it have no impact on their likelihood to protect the public's best interest: [RANDOMIZE] A politician receiving undisclosed gifts from a lobbyist, such as meals, worth up to \$200 a year

**2%**5% **21**% **48**% **19**% **5**%

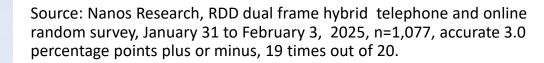
- More likely to protect the public's best interest
- Somewhat less likely to protect the public's best interest
- No impact on likelihood to protect the public's best interest

<sup>\*</sup>Charts may not add up to 100 due to rounding.

t more	Atlantic	Quebec	Ontario	Prairies	BC
	(n=80)	(n=242)	(n=377)	(n=215)	(n=163)
mewhat ely	6.9%	9.0%	6.3%	2.8%	10.2%
likely/Somewhat r	Men	Women	18 to 34	35 to 54	55 plus
likely	(n=577)	(n=500)	(n=186)	(n=399)	(n=492)
More	7.6%	6.3%	6.1%	5.6%	8.4%

- Somewhat more likely to protect the public's best interest
- Less likely to protect the public's best interest
- Unsure

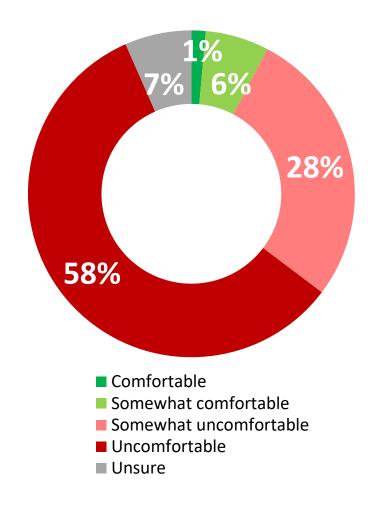
ess likely	Atlantic	Quebec	Ontario	Prairies	BC
	(n=80)	(n=242)	(n=377)	(n=215)	(n=163)
what I	62.7%	67.1%	68.4%	73.6%	71.7%
likely/Somewhat less	Men	Women	18 to 34	35 to 54	55 plus
	(n=577)	(n=500)	(n=186)	(n=399)	(n=492)
Less lik	69.8%	68.4%	68.3%	73.1%	66.5%





<sup>\*</sup>Weighted to the true population proportion.





<sup>\*</sup>Weighted to the true population proportion.

Q – Are you comfortable, somewhat comfortable, somewhat uncomfortable or uncomfortable with a lobbyist lobbying a politician or political party leader within a year or two after raising money or campaigning for the politician or party?

Level of comfort with lobbyists lobbying a politician or political party leader after raising money or campaigning for them

what	Atlantic (n=80)	Quebec (n=242)	Ontario (n=377)	Prairies (n=215)	BC (n=163)
/Some	4.3%	8.4%	7.6%	9.4%	6.0%
Comfortable/Somewhat comfortable	Men (n=577)	Women (n=500)	18 to 34 (n=186)	35 to 54 (n=399)	55 plus (n=492)
Com	9.6%	5.8%	6.5%	8.1%	8.1%
at	Atlantic	Quebec	Ontario	Prairies	ВС
mewh le	(n=80)	(n=242)	(n=377)	(n=215)	(n=163)
le/Soi ortab	87.0%	85.4%	85.5%	83.1%	89.6%
Uncomfortable/Somewhat uncomfortable	Men (n=577)	Women (n=500)	18 to 34 (n=186)	35 to 54 (n=399)	55 plus (n=492)
Onco	86.5%	85.0%	83.1%	85.9%	87.3%

Source: Nanos Research, RDD dual frame hybrid telephone and online random survey, January 31 to February 3, 2025, n=1,077, accurate 3.0 percentage points plus or minus, 19 times out of 20.

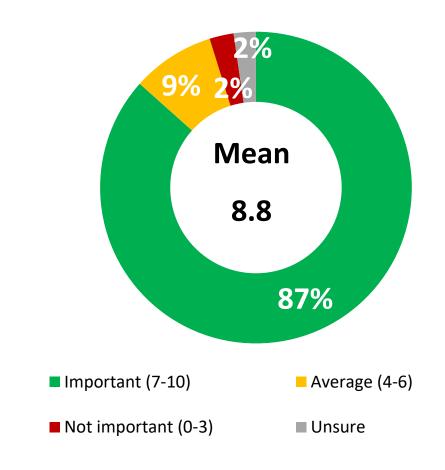




<sup>\*</sup>Charts may not add up to 100 due to rounding.

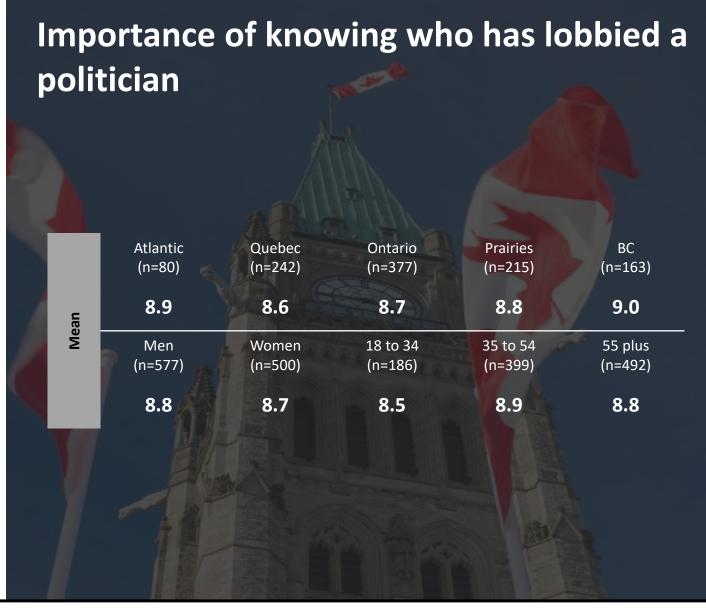
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<sup>\*</sup>Weighted to the true population proportion.

Q – On a scale from 0 to 10 where 0 is not important at all, and 10 is extremely important, how important is knowing who has lobbied a politician and how much they have been lobbied when deciding which government policies you support and who you will vote for?



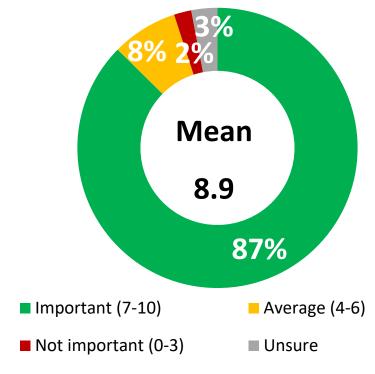
Source: Nanos Research, RDD dual frame hybrid telephone and online random survey, January 31 to February 3, 2025, n=1,077, accurate 3.0 percentage points plus or minus, 19 times out of 20.



<sup>\*</sup>Charts may not add up to 100 due to rounding.

# Importance knowing whether lobbyists have been given an exemption for valuable gifts to politicians

Q – On a scale from 0 to 10 where 0 is not important at all, and 10 is extremely important, when deciding which politicians, political parties or government policies you support or oppose, how important is it for you to know whether a lobbyist has been given an exemption that allows the lobbyist to give a valuable gift to a politician or to lobby a politician very soon after raising money or campaigning for the politician?

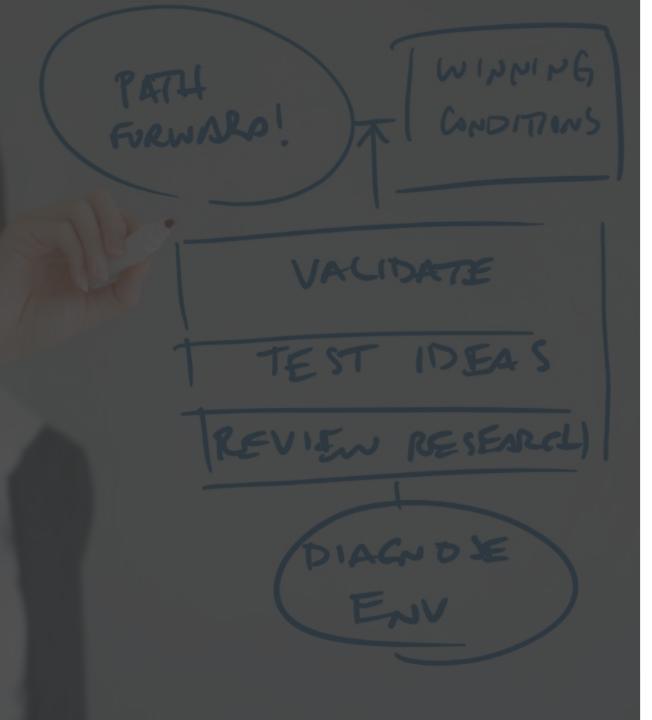


	Atlantic	Quebec	Ontario	Prairies	BC
	(n=80)	(n=242)	(n=377)	(n=215)	(n=163)
ue	9.2	8.4	9.0	9.1	9.4
Mean	Men	Women	18 to 34	35 to 54	55 plus
	(n=577)	(n=500)	(n=186)	(n=399)	(n=492)
	8.9	8.9	8.6	8.9	9.1



<sup>\*</sup>Weighted to the true population proportion.

<sup>\*</sup>Charts may not add up to 100 due to rounding.



Nanos conducted an RDD dual frame (land- and celllines) hybrid telephone and online random survey of 1,077 Canadians, 18 years of age or older, between January 31 and February 3, 2025, as part of an omnibus survey. Participants were randomly recruited by telephone using live agents and administered a survey online. The results were statistically checked and weighted by age and gender using the latest Census information and the sample is geographically stratified to be representative of Canada.

Individuals were randomly called using random digit dialing with a maximum of five call backs.

The margin of error for a random survey of 1,077 Canadians is  $\pm 3.0$  percentage points, 19 times out of 20.

The statistical tabulations including the unweighted and weighted number of interviews can be accessed here.

The research was commissioned by Democracy Watch and was conducted by Nanos Research.

Note: Charts may not add up to 100 due to rounding.

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Element	Description	Element	Description	
Research sponsor	Democracy Watch	Weighting of Data	The results were weighted by age and gender using the latest Census information (2021) and the sample is geographically stratified to ensure a distribution across all regions of Canada. See tables for full weighting	
Population and Final Sample Size	1,077 Randomly selected individuals.		disclosure.	
Source of Sample	Nanos Probability Panel	Screening	Screening ensured potential respondents did not work in the market research industry, in the advertising industry, in the media or a political party prior to administering the survey to ensure the integrity of the data.	
Type of Sample	Probability		daministering the survey to ensure the integrity of the data.	
Margin of Error	$\pm 3.0$ percentage points, 19 times out of 20.	Excluded Demographics	Individuals younger than 18 years old; individuals without land or cell lines, and individuals without internet access could not participate.	
Mode of Survey	RDD dual frame (land- and cell-lines) hybrid telephone and online omnibus survey	Stratification	By age and gender using the latest Census information (2021) and the sample is geographically stratified to be representative of Atlantic Canada, Quebec, Ontario, Prairies, British Columbia. Smaller areas such as Atlantic Canada were	
Sampling Method Base	The sample included both land- and cell-lines RDD (Random Digit Dialed) across Canada.	Estimated Response	marginally oversampled to allow for a minimum regional sample.  15 percent, consistent with industry norms.	
Demographics (Captured)	Atlantic Canada, Quebec, Ontario, Prairies, British Columbia; Men and Women; 18 years and older. Six digit postal code was used to validate geography.	Rate  Question Order	Question order in the preceding report reflects the order in which they appeared in the original questionnaire.	
Fieldwork/Validation	Individuals were recruited using live interviews with live supervision to validate work, the research questions were administered online	Question Content	Topics on the omnibus ahead of the survey content included: views on political issues, views on economic issues, defense spending, foreign relations with the United States, views on Canadian institutions and opinions on the	
Number of Calls	Maximum of five call backs to those recruited.		incorporation of technology at Canadian ports.	
Time of Calls	Individuals recruited were called between 12-5:30 pm and 6:30-9:30pm local time for the respondent.	Question Wording	The questions in the preceding report are written exactly as they were asked to individuals.	
Field Dates	January 31 and February 3, 2025.	Research/Data Collection Supplier	Nanos Research	
Language of Survey	The survey was conducted in both English and French.		Contact Nanos Research for more information or with any concerns or questions.	
Standards	Nanos Research is a member of the Canadian Research Insights Council (CRIC) and confirms that this research fully complies with all CRIC Standards including the CRIC Public Opinion Research Standards and Disclosure Requirements.  https://canadianresearchinsightscouncil.ca/standards/	Contact	http://www.nanos.co Telephone:(613) 234-4666 ext. 237 Email: info@nanosresearch.com.  By region, age and gender: 2025-2774 Democracy Watch - Formatted	
		Data Tables	Tabs.xlsx	



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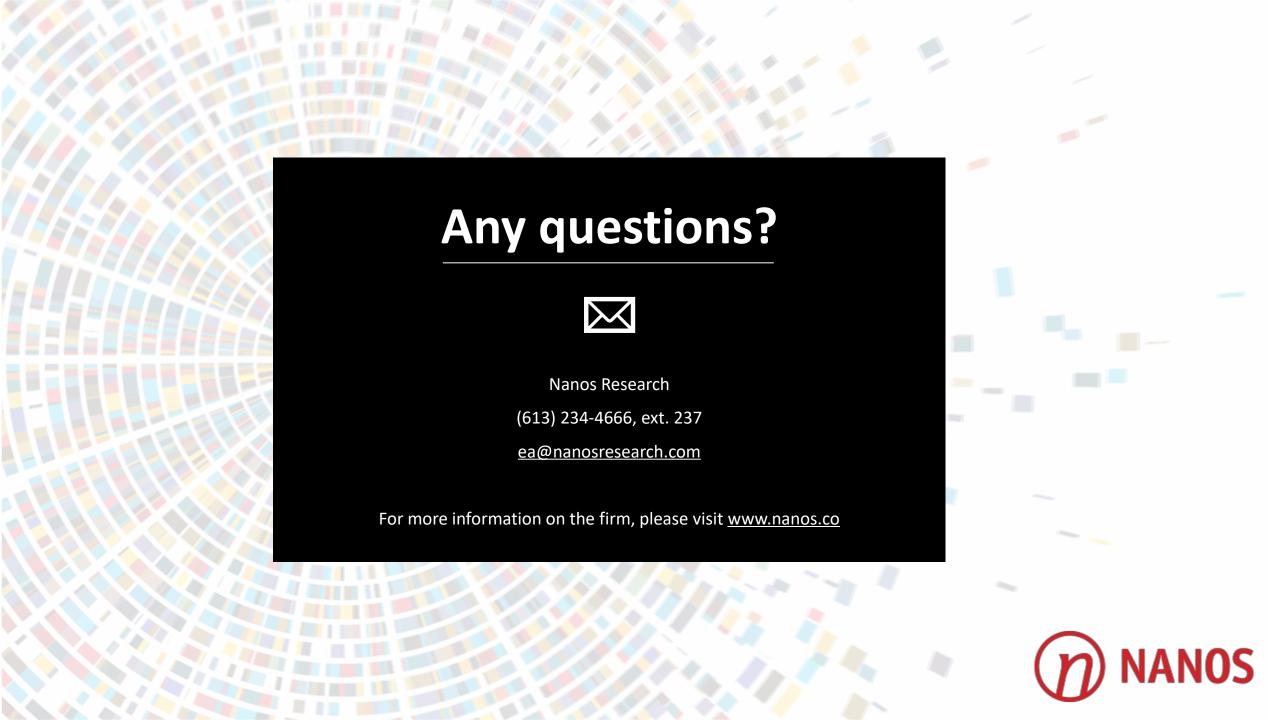


dimap

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